



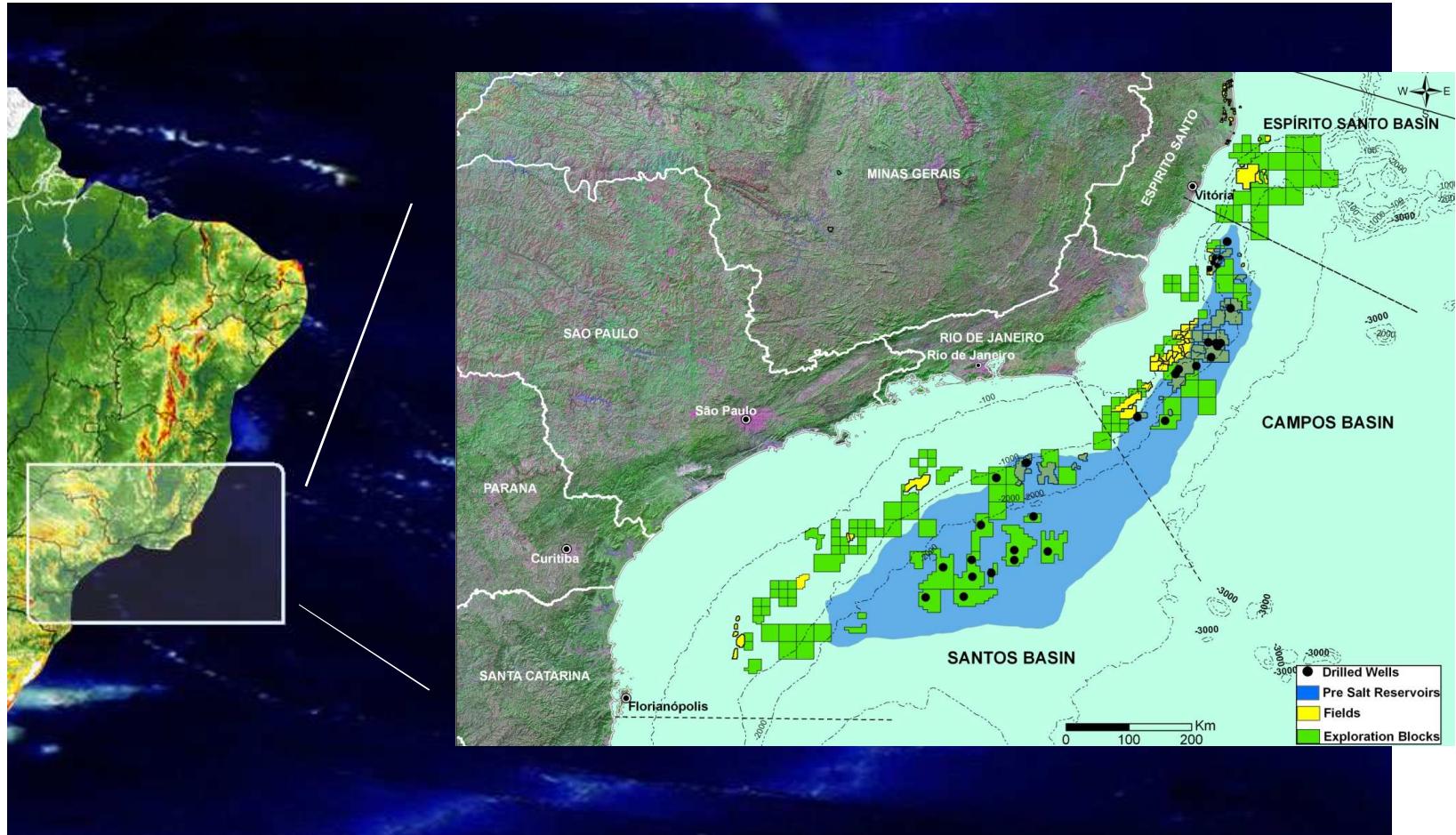
Carbonate Petrophysics in Wells Drilled with Oil Base Mud

Vinicius Machado, Paulo Frederico, Paulo Netto, Petrobras

Rodrigo Bagueira, Fluminense Federal University

Andre Souza, Elmar Junk, Lukasz Zielinski, Austin Boyd, Schlumberger

Brazilian Pre-Salt Carbonates



2 Km Water Depth, 2 Km Salt : (Oil Base Mud)

200 Km Offshore

Pre-Salt Carbonates : 18,000 ft TVD

Oil 28-30 Api, GOR 1350 scf/brl

Formigli, 2007

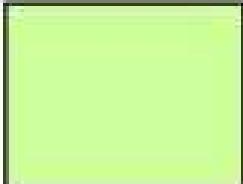
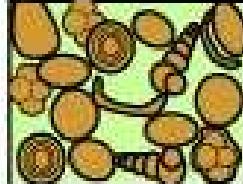
Pre-Salt Carbonates

- Microbial, Stromatalites
- Complex Lithology
 - Calcite, Dolomite, Quartz
 - NMR Porosity - PHIT
- Variable Permeability
 - 4 decade range
- Oil Wet
 - Very High Resistivity
 - S_w ?
 - Swirr from NMR Bound Fluid



Formigli, 2007

Dunham Classification for Carbonates

Original components not bound together at deposition				Original components bound together at deposition. Intergrown skeletal material, lamination contrary to gravity, or cavities floored by sediment, roofed over by organic material but too large to be interstices
Contains mud (particles of clay and fine silt size)		Lacks Mud		
Mud-supported		Grain-supported		
Less than 10% Grains	More than 10% Grains			
Mudstone	Wackestone	Packstone	Grainstone	Boundstone
				

C. G. St. C. Kendall, 2005 (after Dunham, 1962, AAPG Memoir 1)

Carbonate Classifications by Pore Size and/or Grain Size

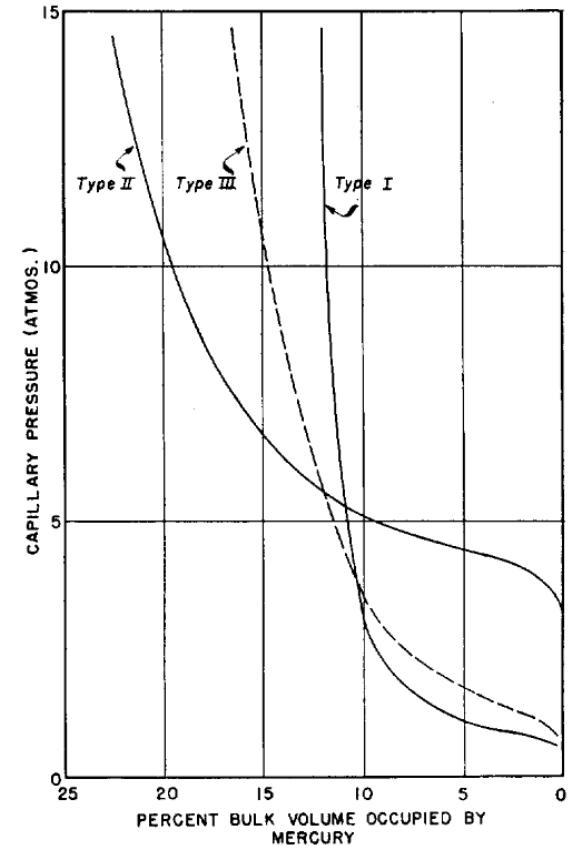
- Archie-1952 (grain size / cuttings)
- Choquette and Pray 1970 (micro-meso-mega)
- Pittman 1971 (micro-macro)
- Marzouk 1995 (micro-meso-macro)
- Lucia 1967, 1983, 1995 (grain size & vugs)
- Ramakrishnan 1997-2001 (micro-macro-vugs)
- Cantrell & Hagerty 1999 (micro-macro)
- Clerke 2007 (micro I, II, III & macro)

Archie 1952

- Matrix Type
 - I (Crystalline)
 - II (Chalky)
 - III (Granular / Sucrosic)
- Grain Size (mm)
 - V.Fine (0.05), Fine (0.1),
 - Med. (0.2), Coarse (0.4)
- Visible Pore Size (x10 microscope)

Primary – Class A (less than 0.01mm, not visible)

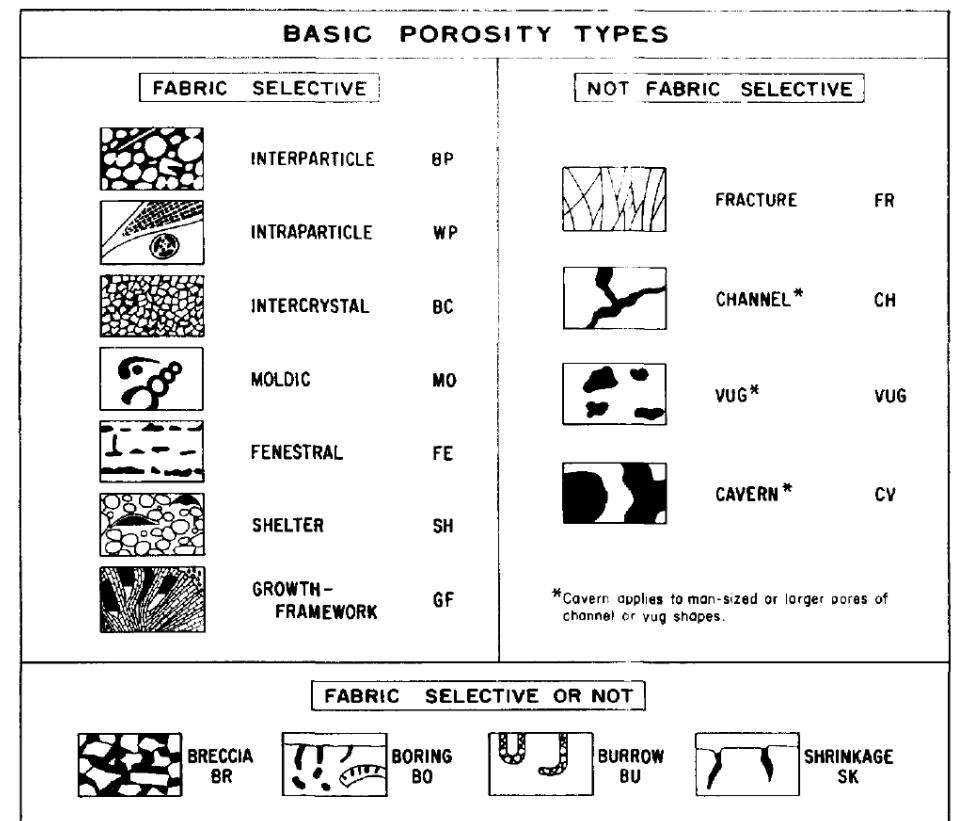
- Secondary
- Class B (0.01-0.1mm)
 - Class C (greater than 0.1mm but less than grain size)
 - Class D (greater than grain size – vug)



Designed for field geologist looking at cuttings. Made initial correlation between rock-type and Swirr.

Choquette and Pray, 1970

- Micropores <1/16mm
- Mesopores 1/16-4mm
 - Small
 - Large
- Megapores 4-256mm
 - Small
 - Large

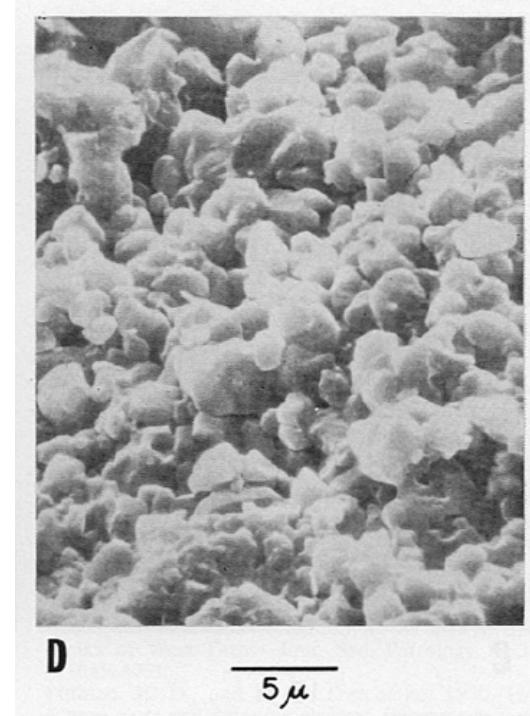


15 Porosity Types

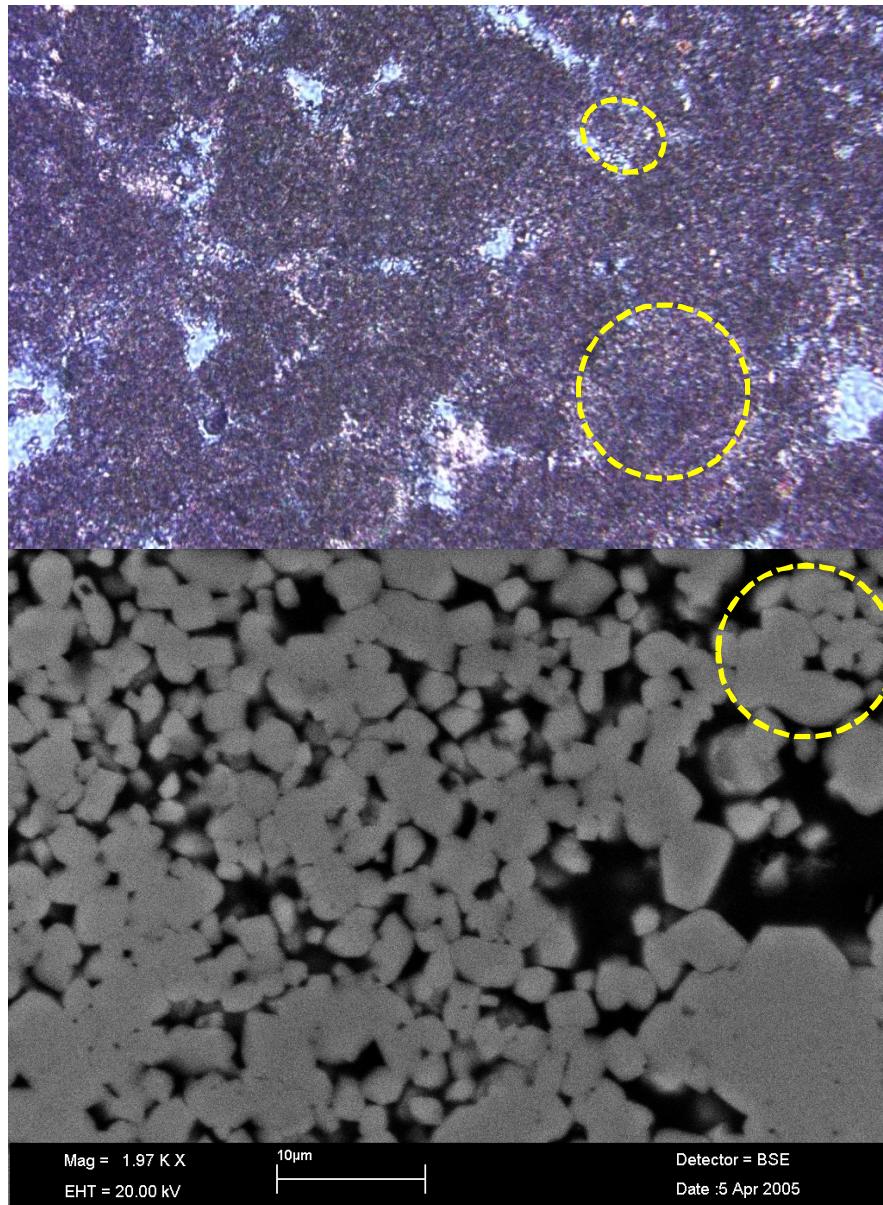
Core & Outcrop Description

Pittman 1971

- Micropores
 - occur between calcite crystals
 - Less than 1 micron diameter
 - Visible with SEM
 - Impact on high SWIRR
- Macropores
 - Visible in thin sections
 - Greater than 30 microns
 - Can be inter-granular or intra-granular



Marzouk 1995: micro-meso-macro pores



Micrite (Calcite Crystal)

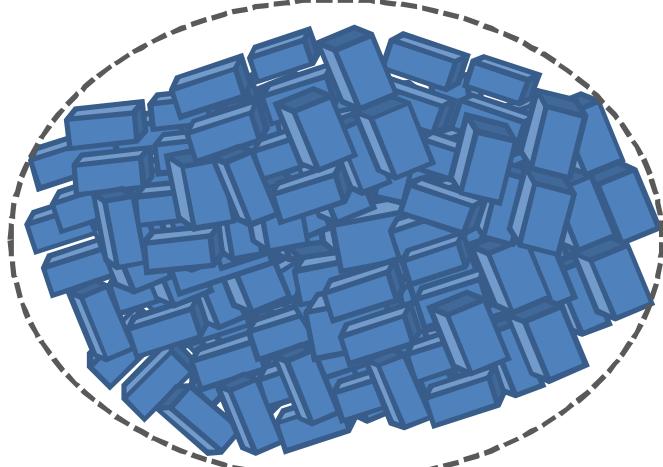
1-2 um in length



Micrite Particle, clump of calcite crystals, 10-20 um in diameter



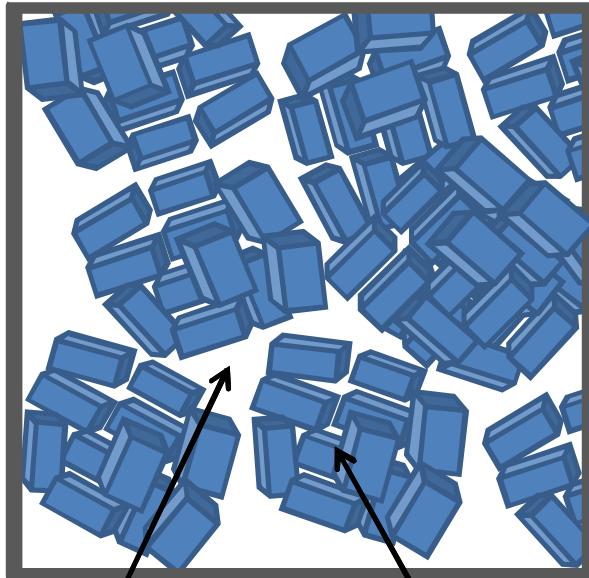
Carbonate Grain, > 200 um, composed of micrite crystals



Marzouk et al SPE 49475

Micritic Carbonate Porosity

Micrite Particles 10-20um

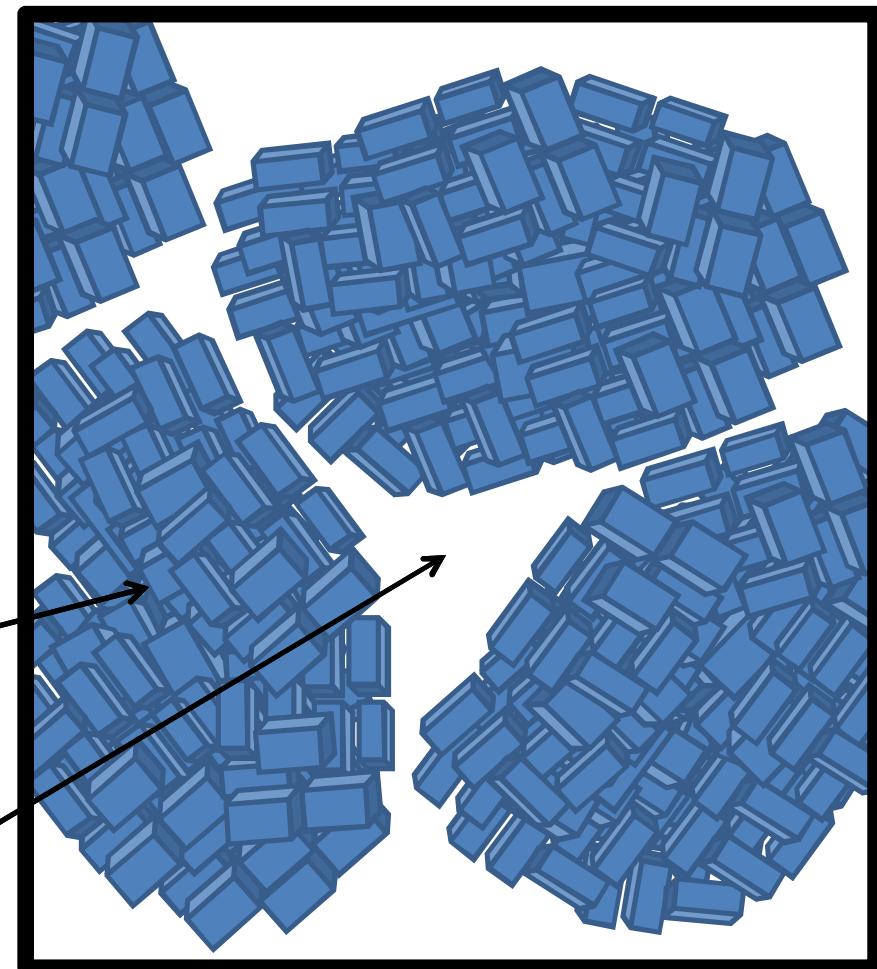


Meso Pores
0.3-4 micron

Micro Pores
 $< 0.3\text{micron}$

Macro Pores
 $> 4 \text{ micron}$

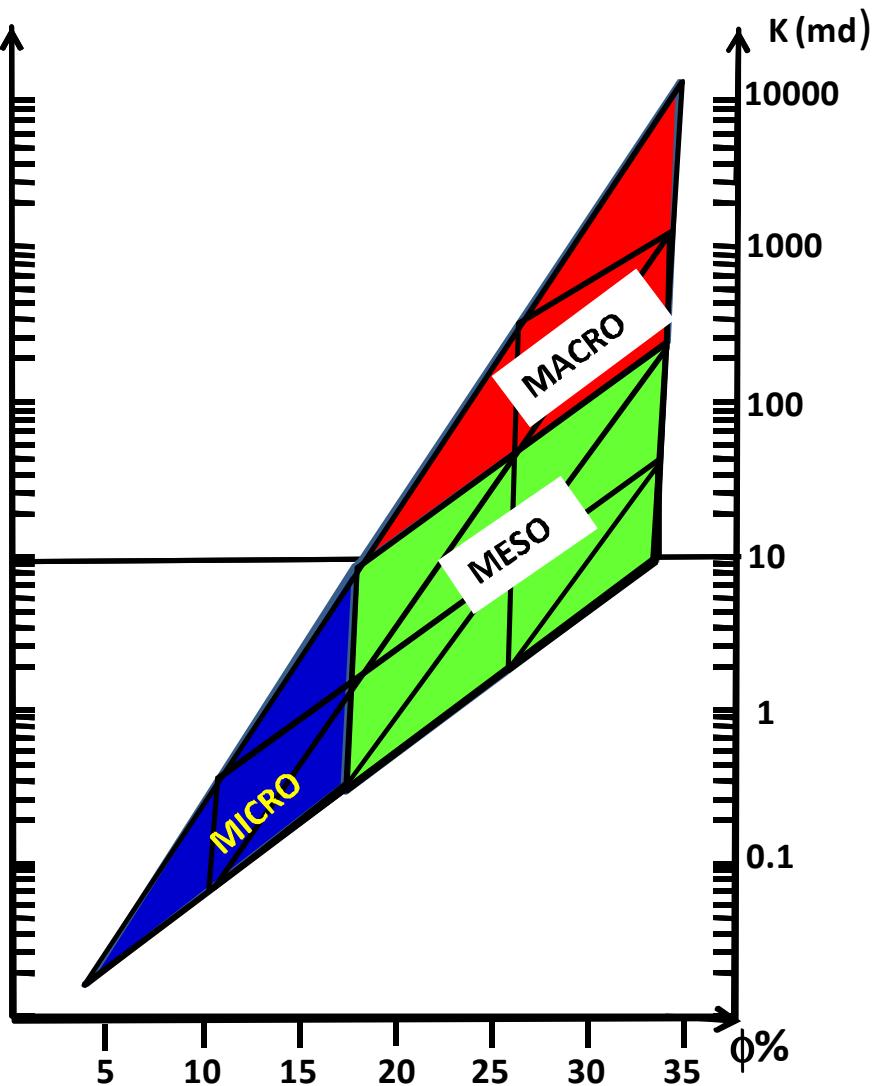
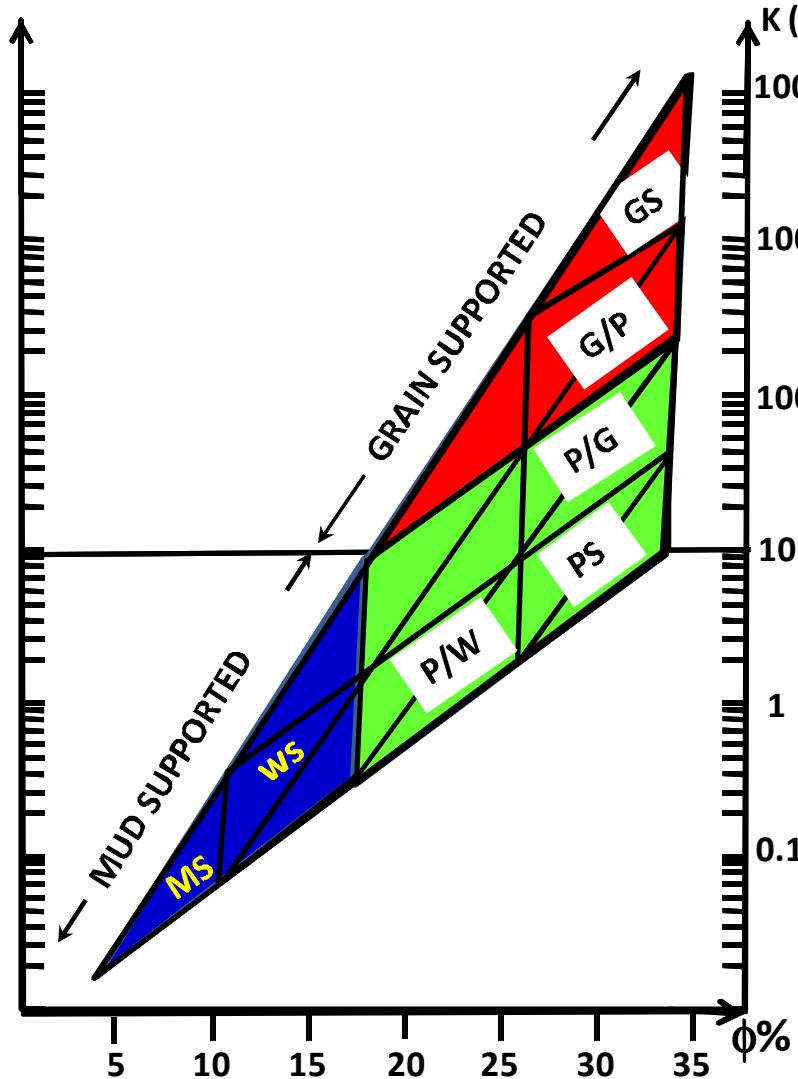
Micrite Grains > 200um



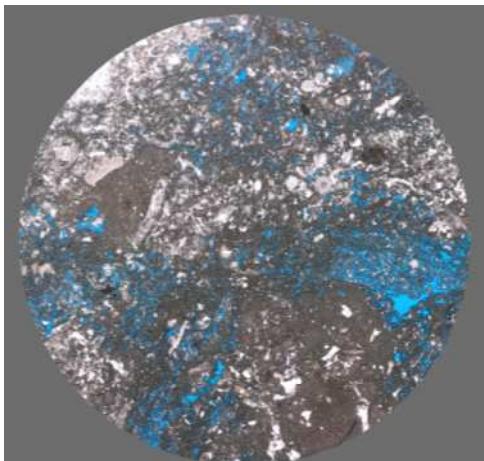
Based on Pore Throat Radius
from Mercury Porosimetry

Marzouk et al SPE 49475

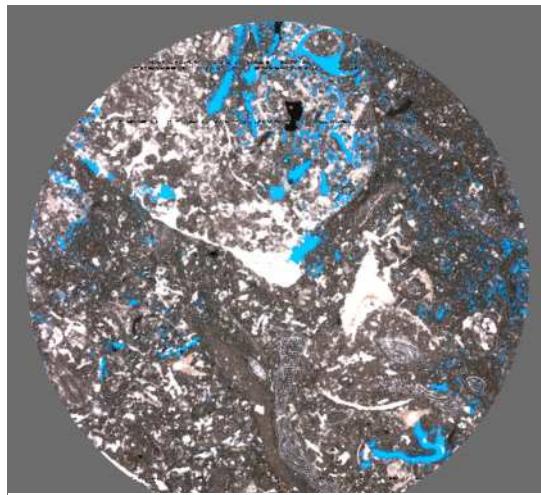
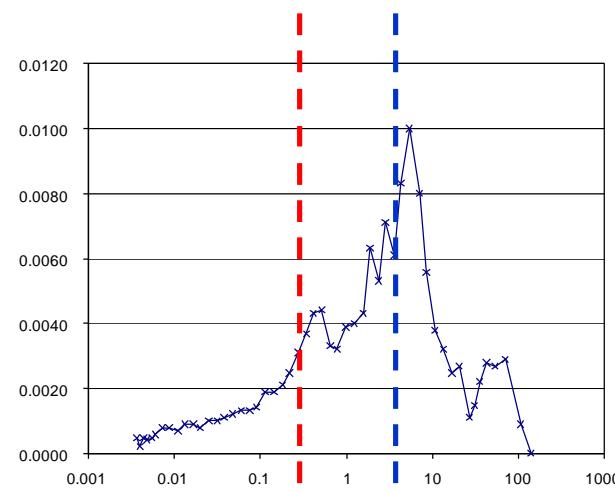
Porosity Partitioning & Dunham



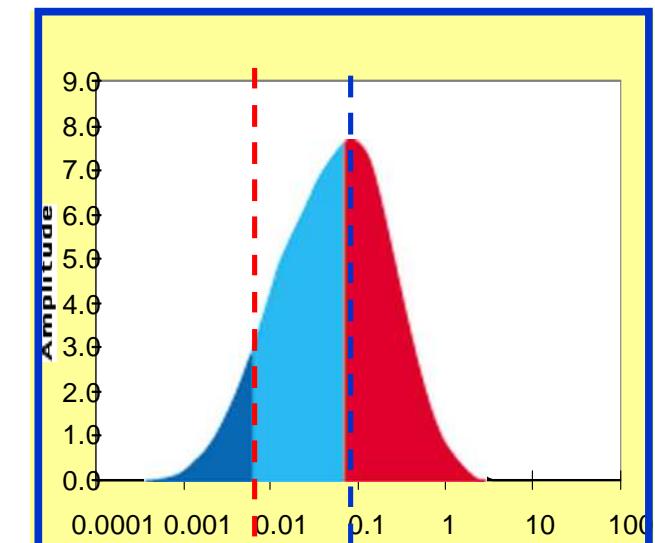
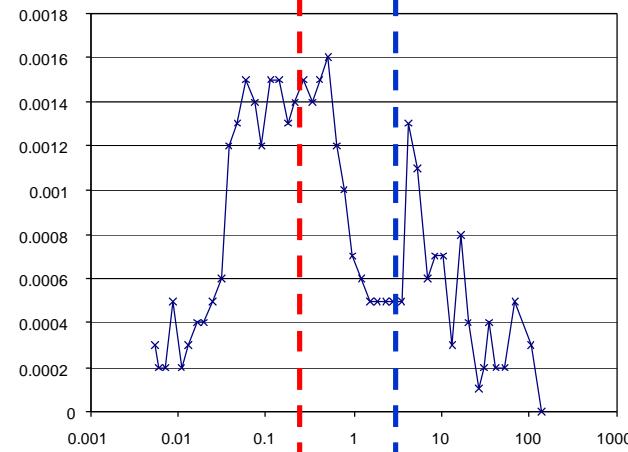
NMR T2 & Mercury Porosimetry



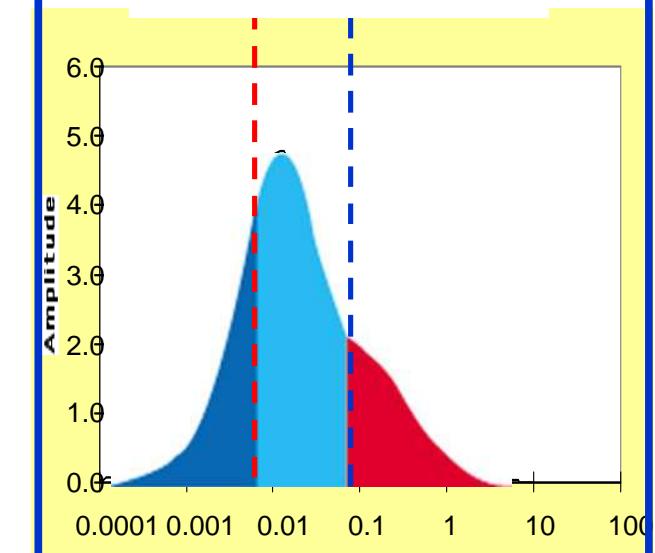
Sample 1 30 p.u. 97
md.



Sample 2 18 p.u. 2
md.



NMR T2 Distributions



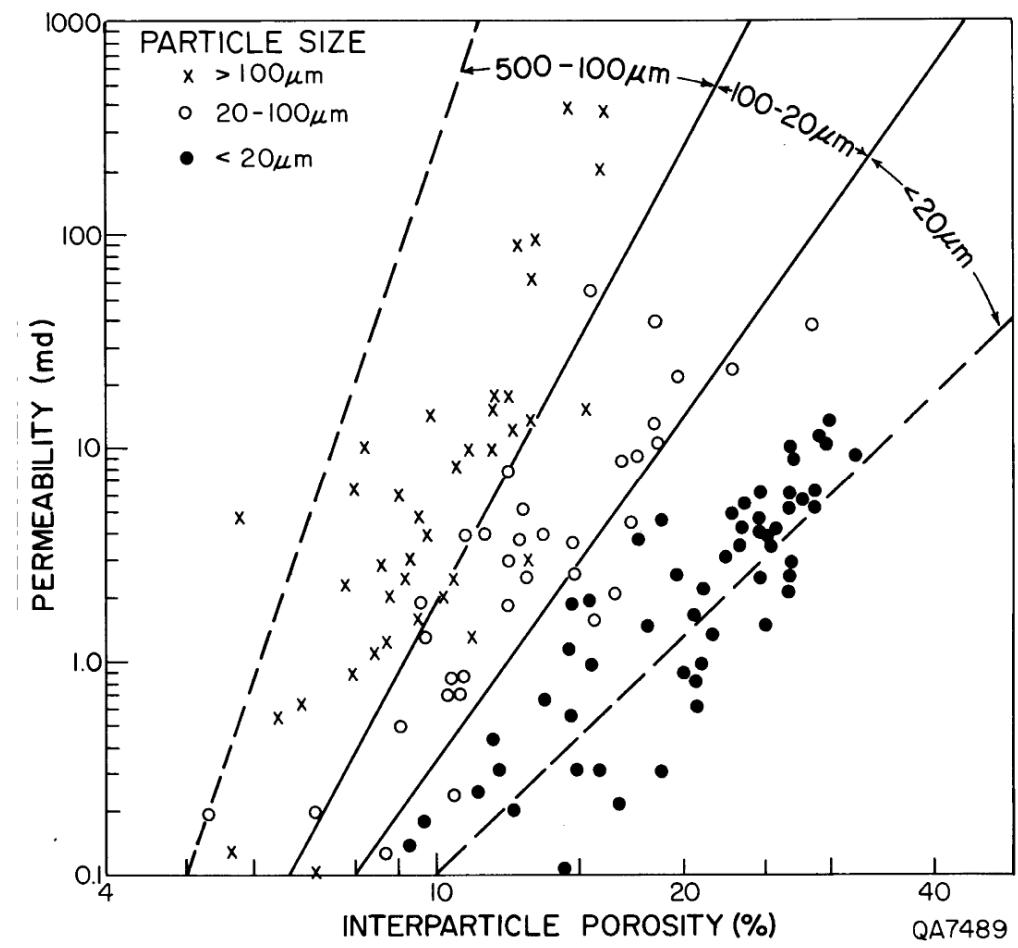
10/3/2012

Carbonate Classifications by Pore Size and/or Grain Size

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- Choquette and Pray 1970 (micro-meso-mega)
- Pittman 1971 (micro-macro)
- Marzouk 1995 (micro-meso-macro)
- Lucia 1967, 1983, 1995 (grain size & vugs)
- Ramakrishnan 1997-2001 (micro-macro-vugs)
- Cantrell & Hagerty 1999 (micro-macro)
- Clerke 2007 (micro-macro)

Lucia 1967,1983,1995

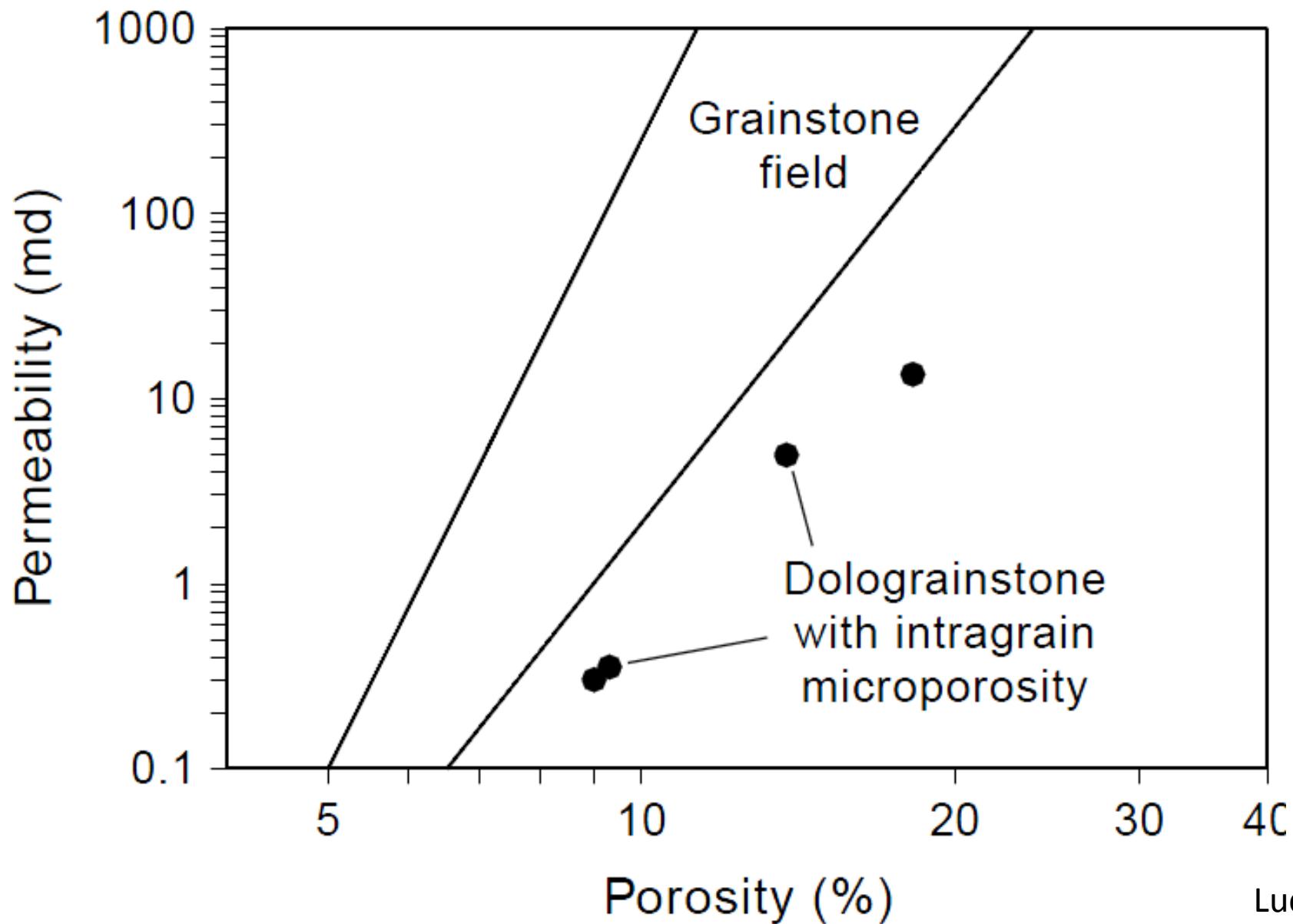
- Interparticle
 - Fine/Class 3
 - ($< 20\mu\text{m}$, $P_d > 70\text{psi}$)
 - Medium/Class 2
 - ($20-100\mu\text{m}$, $P_d 15-70\text{psi}$)
 - Large/Class 1
 - ($> 100\mu\text{m}$, $P_d < 15\text{psi}$)
- Vuggy
 - Separate Vugs
 - Touching Vugs



Grain Size & Permeability Prediction
(No distinction between intercrystal & interparticle)

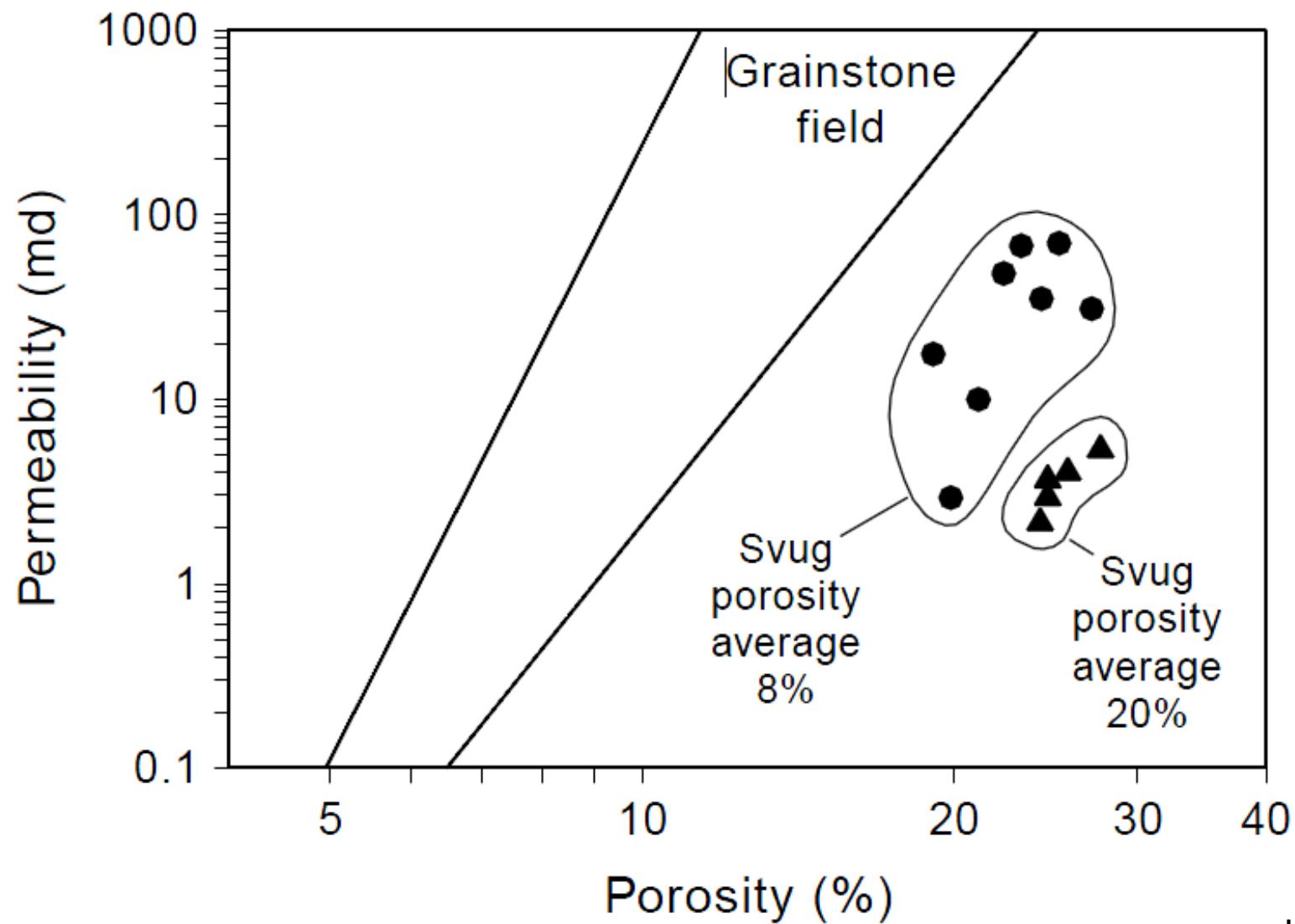
Lucia 1995

Intragranular Microporosity



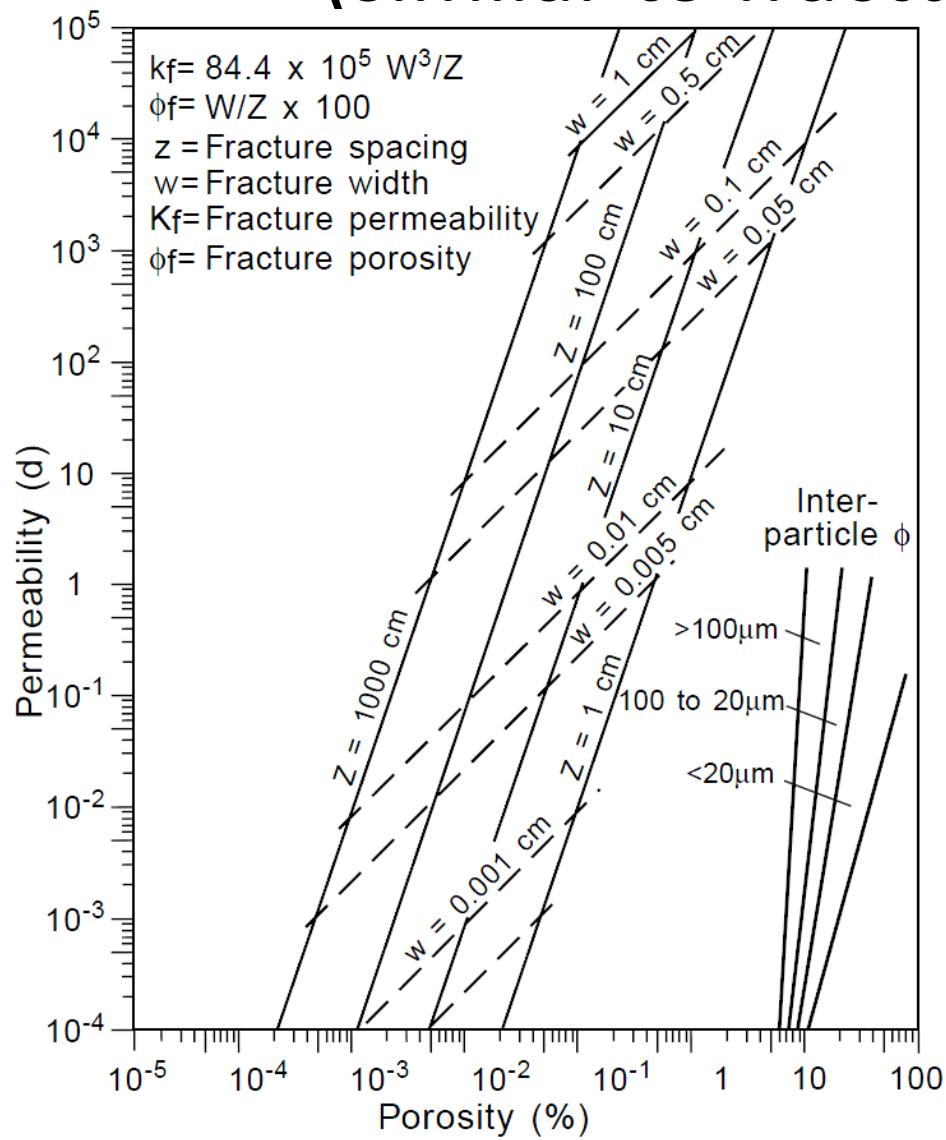
Lucia 1995

Separate Vugs Effect



Lucia 1995

Touching Vug Trend (similar to fractures)



NIAGARAN REEF

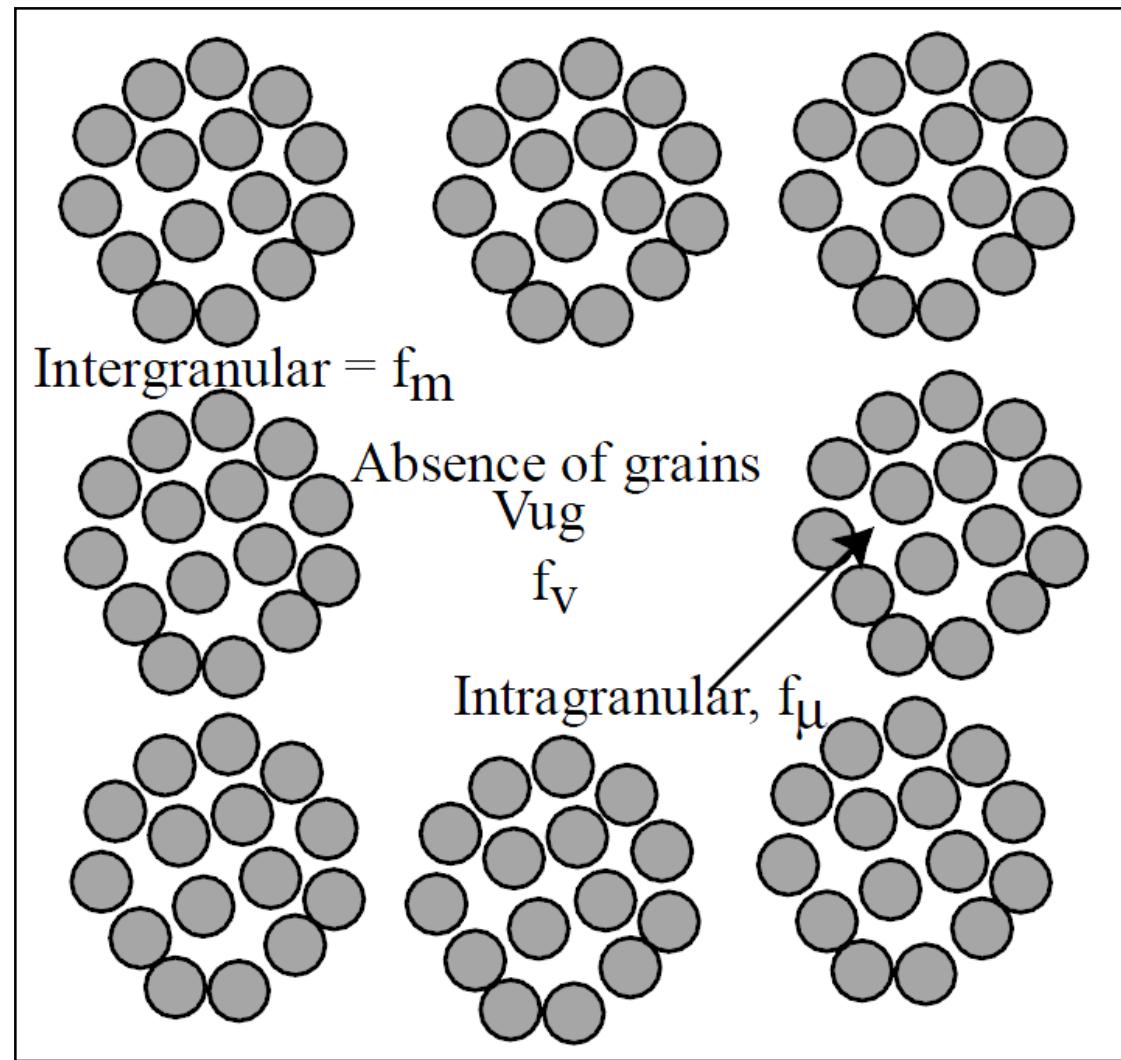
Lucia 1995

Ramakrishnan

- Micro
 - Intragranular
- Macro
 - Intergranular
- Vugs
 - Absent grain

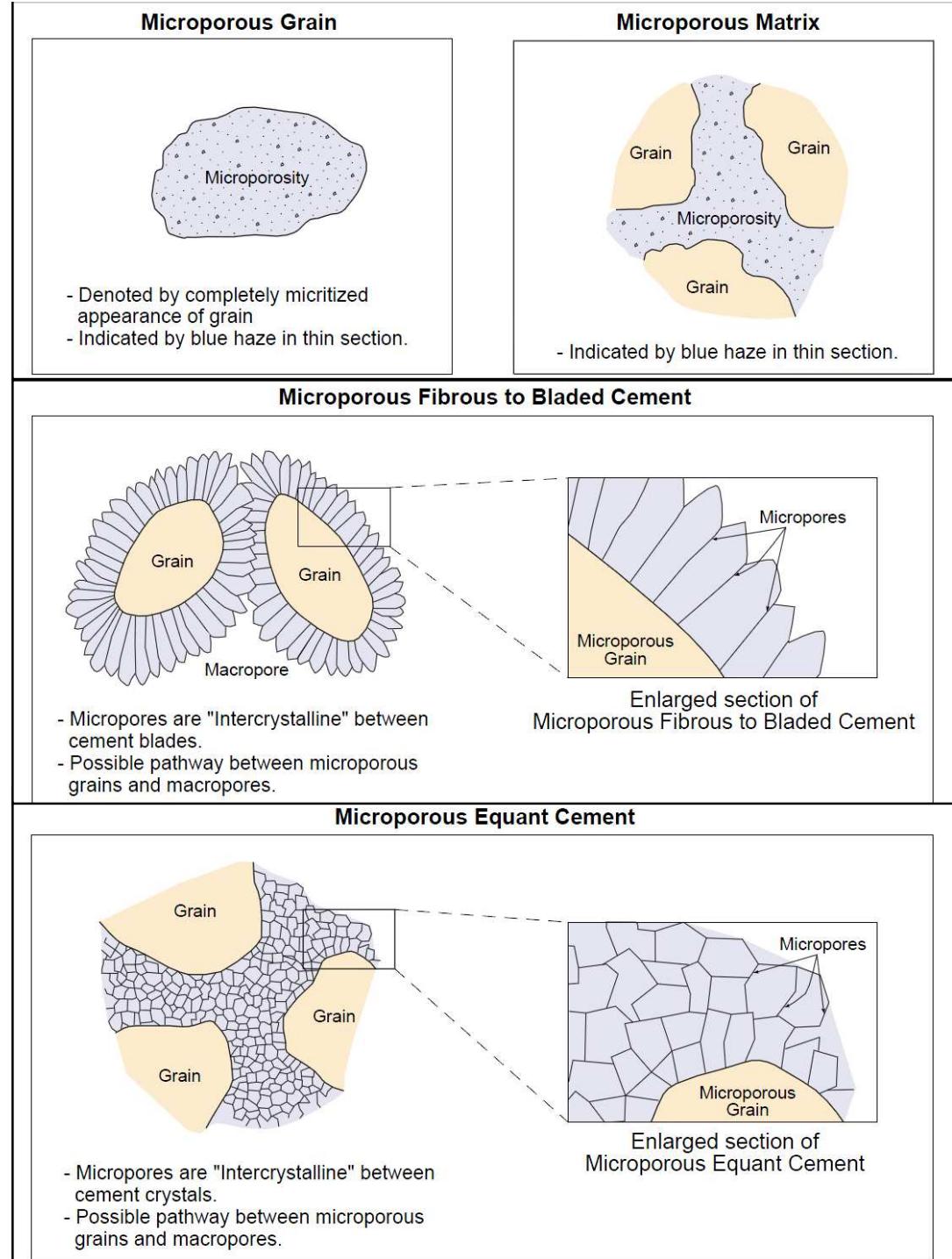
$$Bruggeman.....k_{eff} = \frac{k_{matrix}}{1 - 3f_v}$$

(assumes $k_{vug} = \infty$)



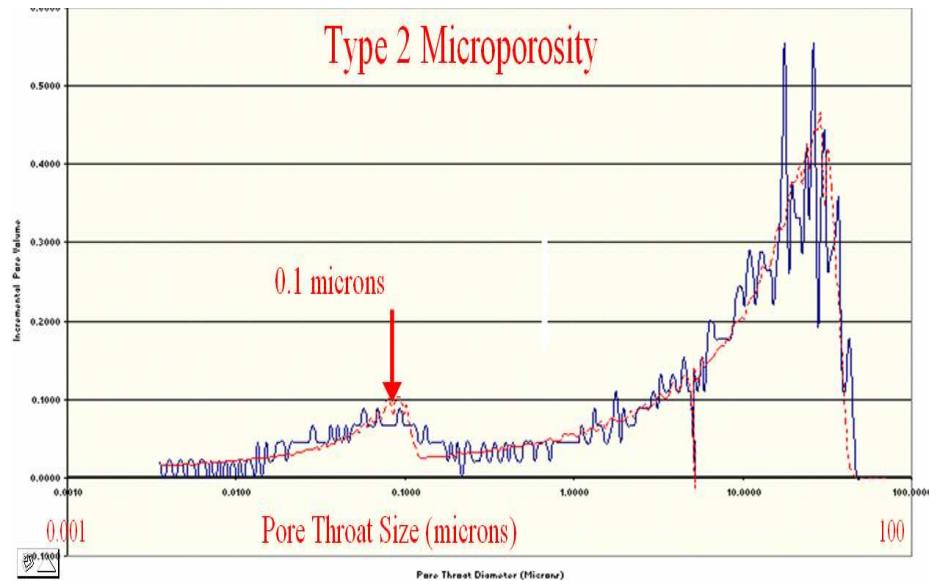
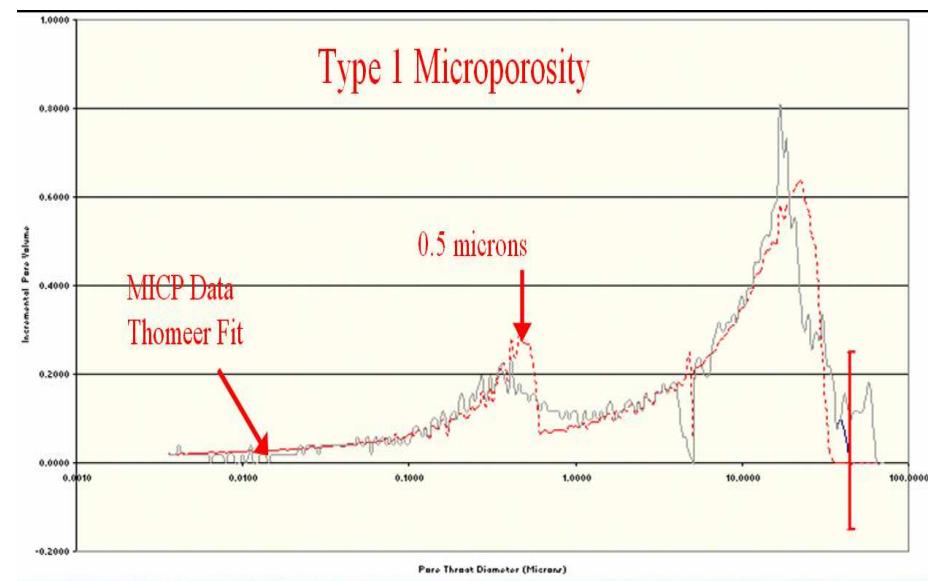
Cantrell & Haggerty

- Micro Porosity Types
 - Microporous Grains
 - Microporous Matrix
 - Microporous Cements
- Mechanisms
 - Leaching
 - Crystal growth
 - Boring of grains
- Macro Porosity
 - Visible (>10 microns)



Clerke Pore Type from Mercury

- Macro Porosity
 - 260 microns
- Micro I (Intra-Granular)
 - 1 micron
- Micro II (Micritic)
 - 0.1 micron
- Micro III (Micritic)
 - Sub 0.1 micron



Carbonate Petrophysical Classifications

- Grain Size
 - Archie, Lucia
- Pore Size
 - Choquette & Pray, Pittman, Ramakrishnan
- Pore Throat Size
 - Marzouk, Hassall, Ramamoorthy, Clerke



Pore Size from T_2

$$\frac{1}{T_2} = \frac{1}{T_{2B}} + \rho \frac{c}{r} \quad \dots \text{Eq } 1^*$$

Where c = 3 for spherical pores
= 2 for cylindrical pores
= 1 for planar pores

* Looyestijn, 2004

Carbonate Petrophysical Workflow

- Ramamoorthy et al, SPWLA 2008
 - Lithology & Porosity
 - Pore System & Permeability (2 transforms)
 - Saturation & Relative Permeability
- Designed for Water Base Mud
- Oil Base Muds?

$$K_{SDR} = A \phi^C (\rho T_{2lm})^B$$

$$K_{MACRO} = A \phi^C \left(\frac{V_{MACRO}}{\phi - V_{MACRO}} \right)^B$$

Where

K_{SDR} = permeability (mD)

A = pre-multiplier

Φ = porosity fraction (pu)

C = porosity exponent

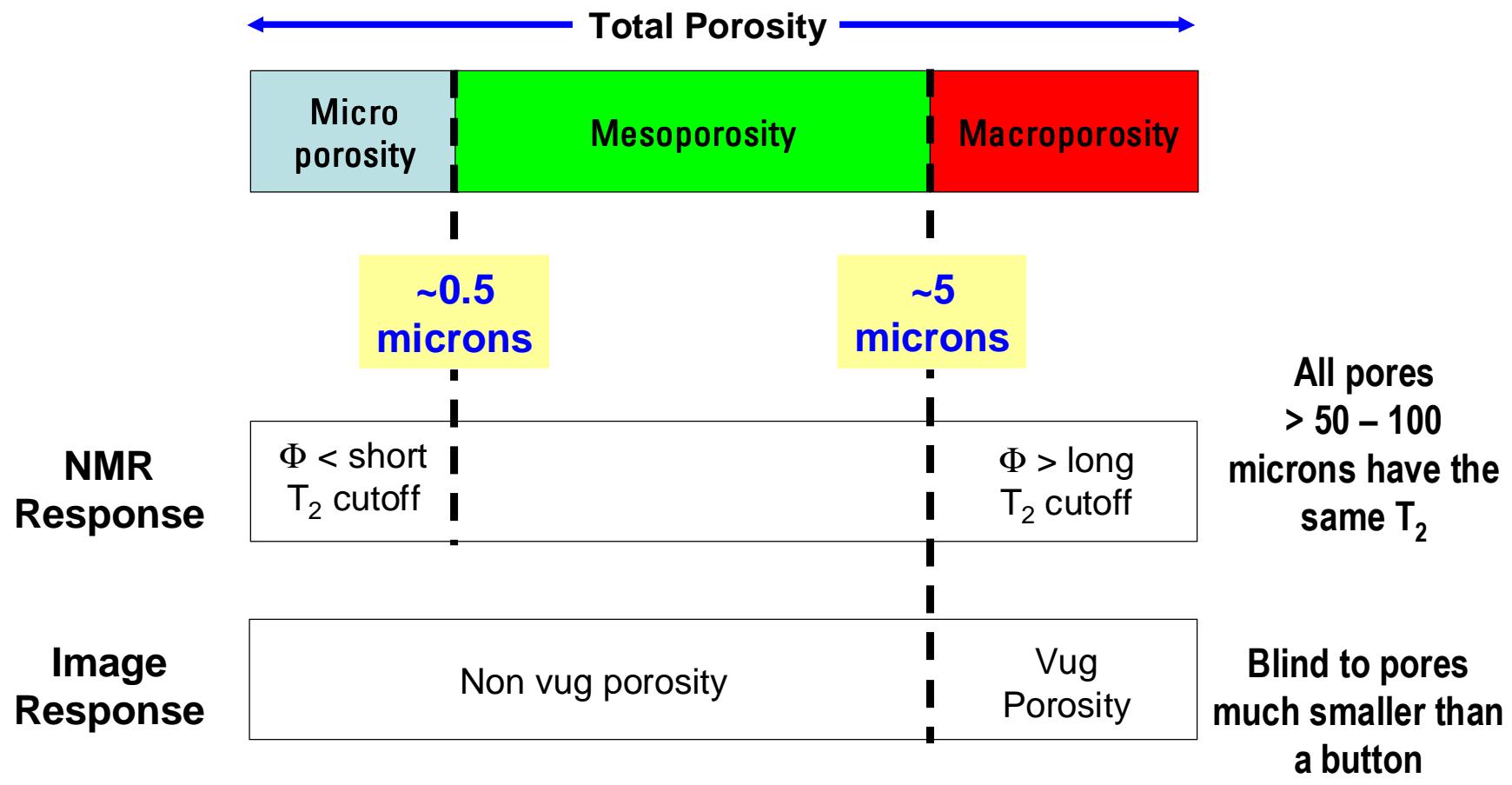
ρ = surface relaxivity (microns/second)

T_{2lm} = log mean of T_2 distribution (secs)

B = exponent

Pore System & Permeability

Carbonate Porosity Partitioning from Logs



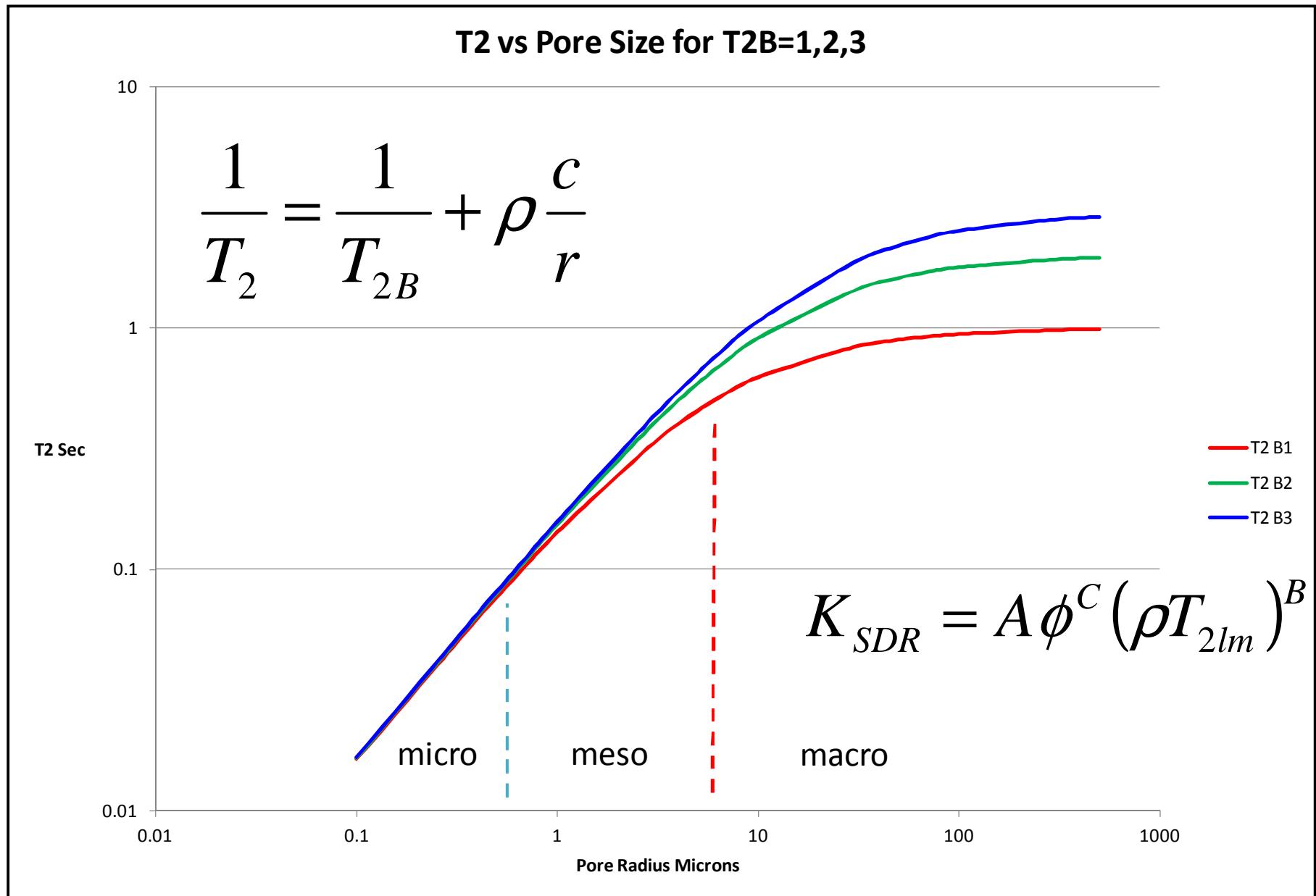
Pore Size from NMR T_2

- No diffusion on long T_2
 - Short Echo Spacing
 - or low gradient
- $T_{2B} > 1$ second
 - Water, OBMF, Light Reservoir Oils
- No diffusive coupling
 - Oil wet helps
- Pore fluids wetting the grains
 - Water in micro pores
 - Oil/OBMF in meso & micro pores

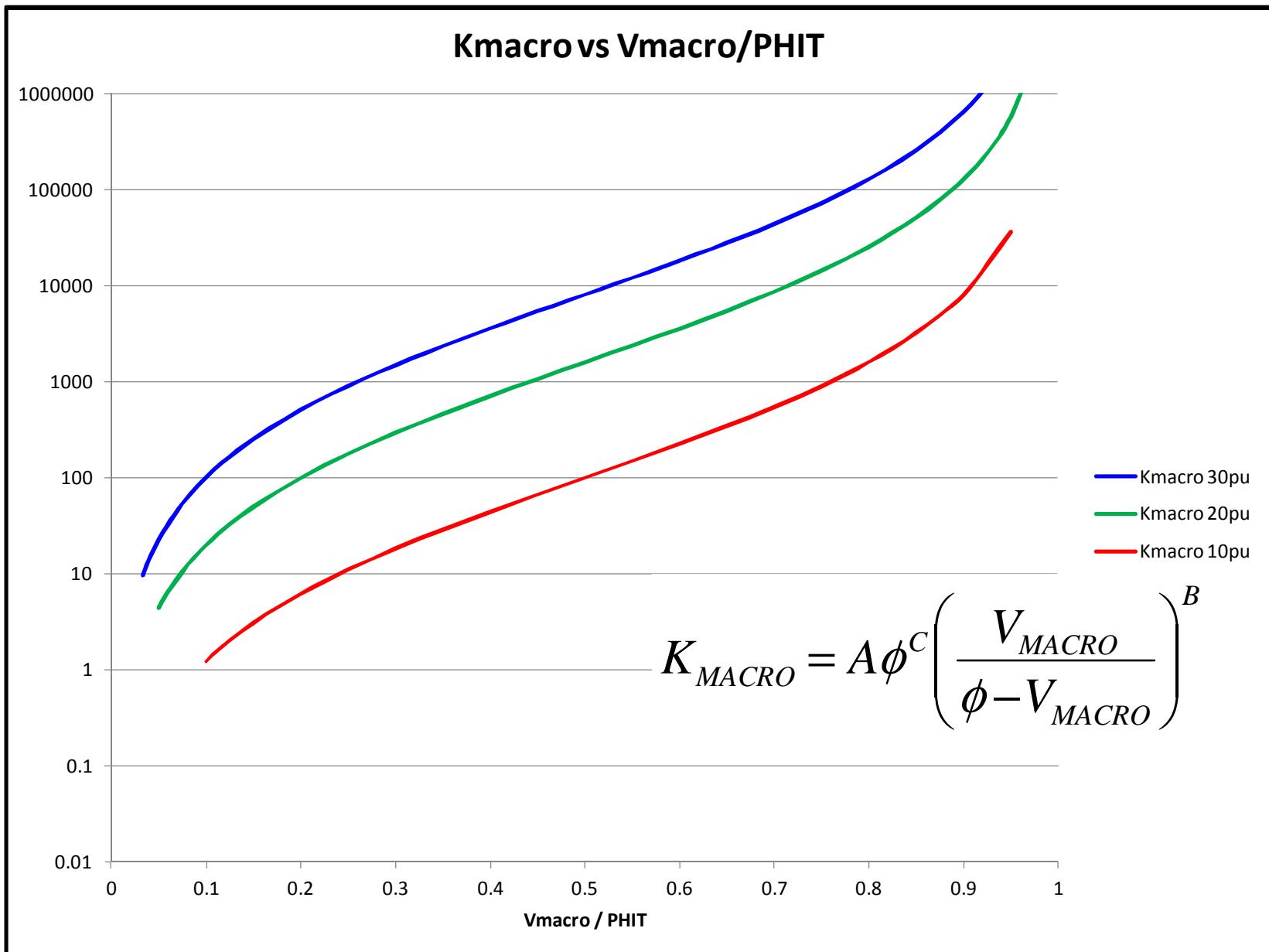
$$\frac{1}{T_2} = \frac{1}{T_{2B}} + \rho \frac{c}{r} \quad \dots \text{Eq } 1^*$$

Where c = 3 for spherical pores
= 2 for cylindrical pores
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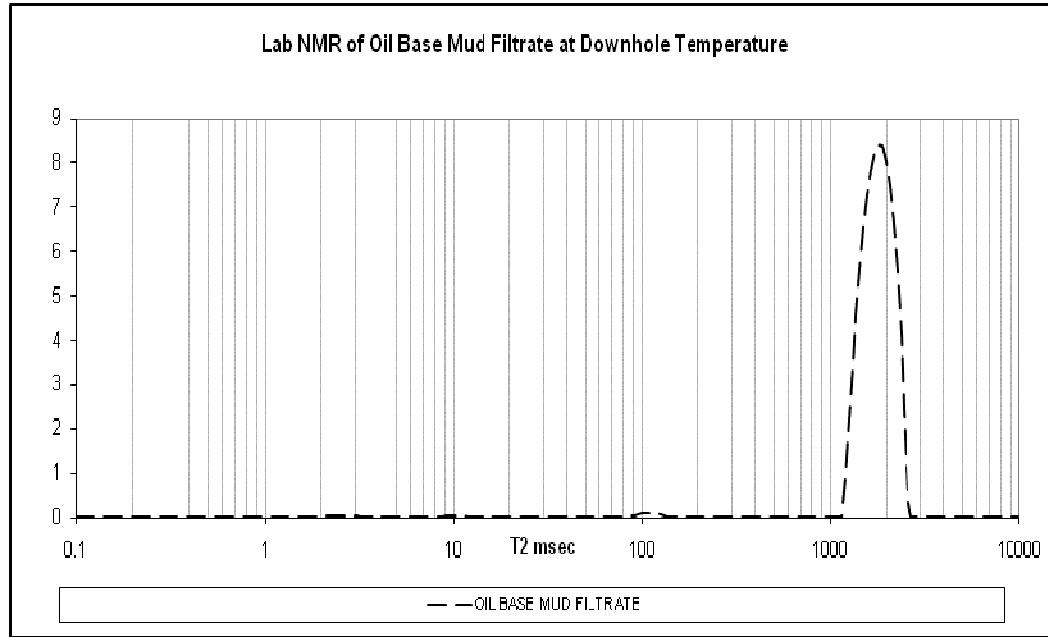
T_2 versus Pore Size: Effect of T_2 bulk



Permeability and Macro Porosity

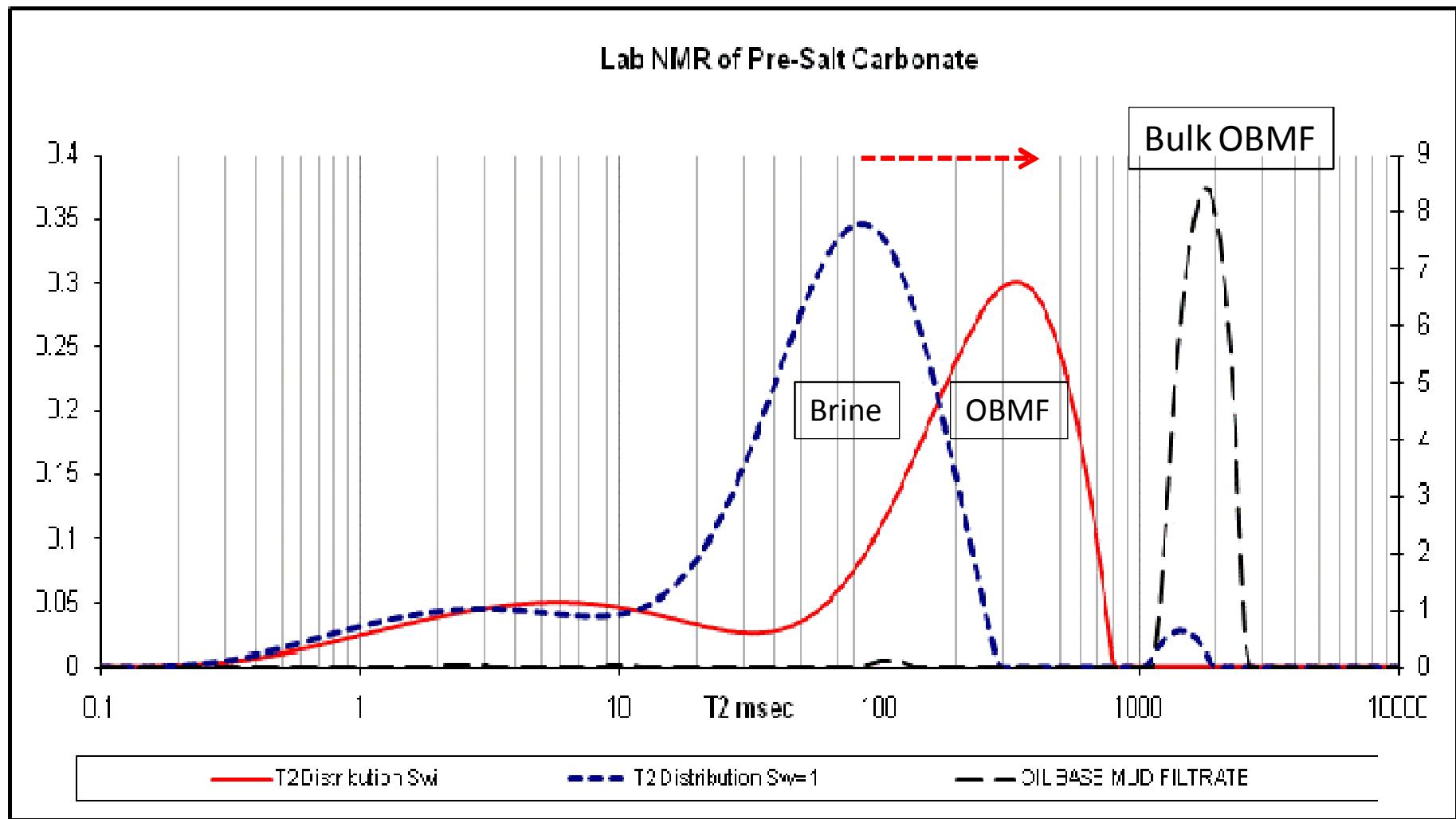


$T_{2\text{bulk}}$ of Oil Base Mud Filterate

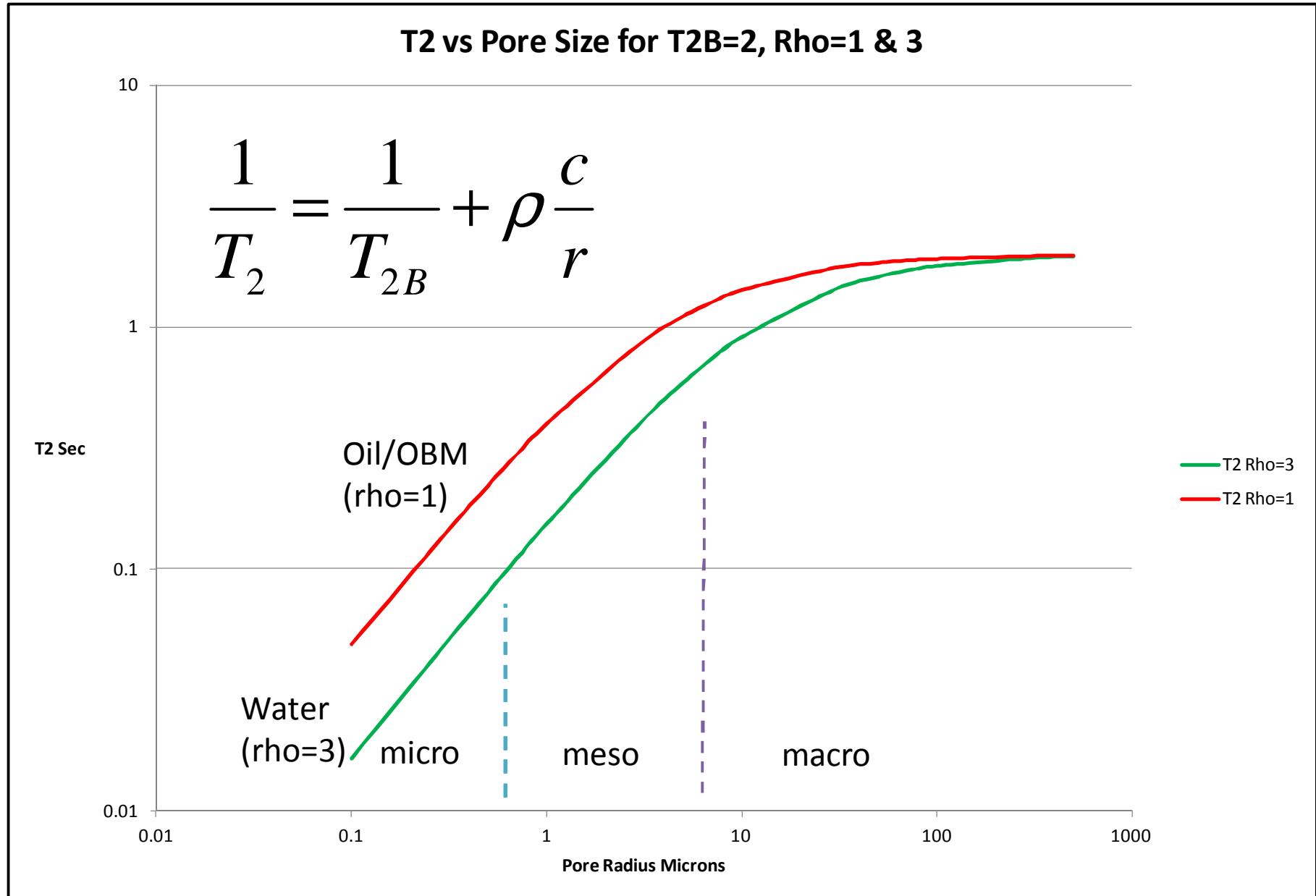


Petrobras Research (CENPES)
Brazilian Universities Lab NMR:
UFF, USP, UFES, UFRJ, ON

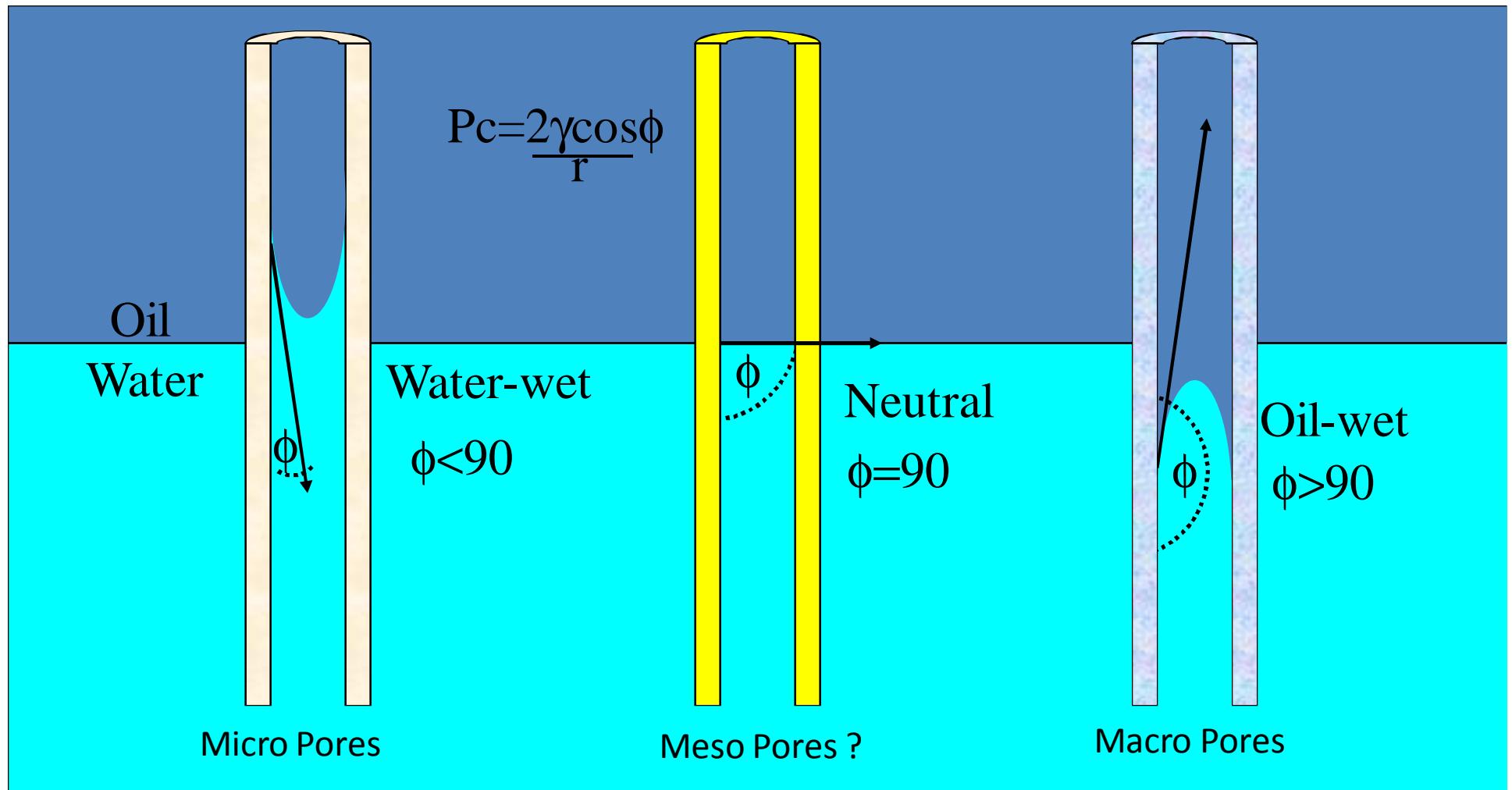
Pre-Salt Carbonate Core: Lab NMR



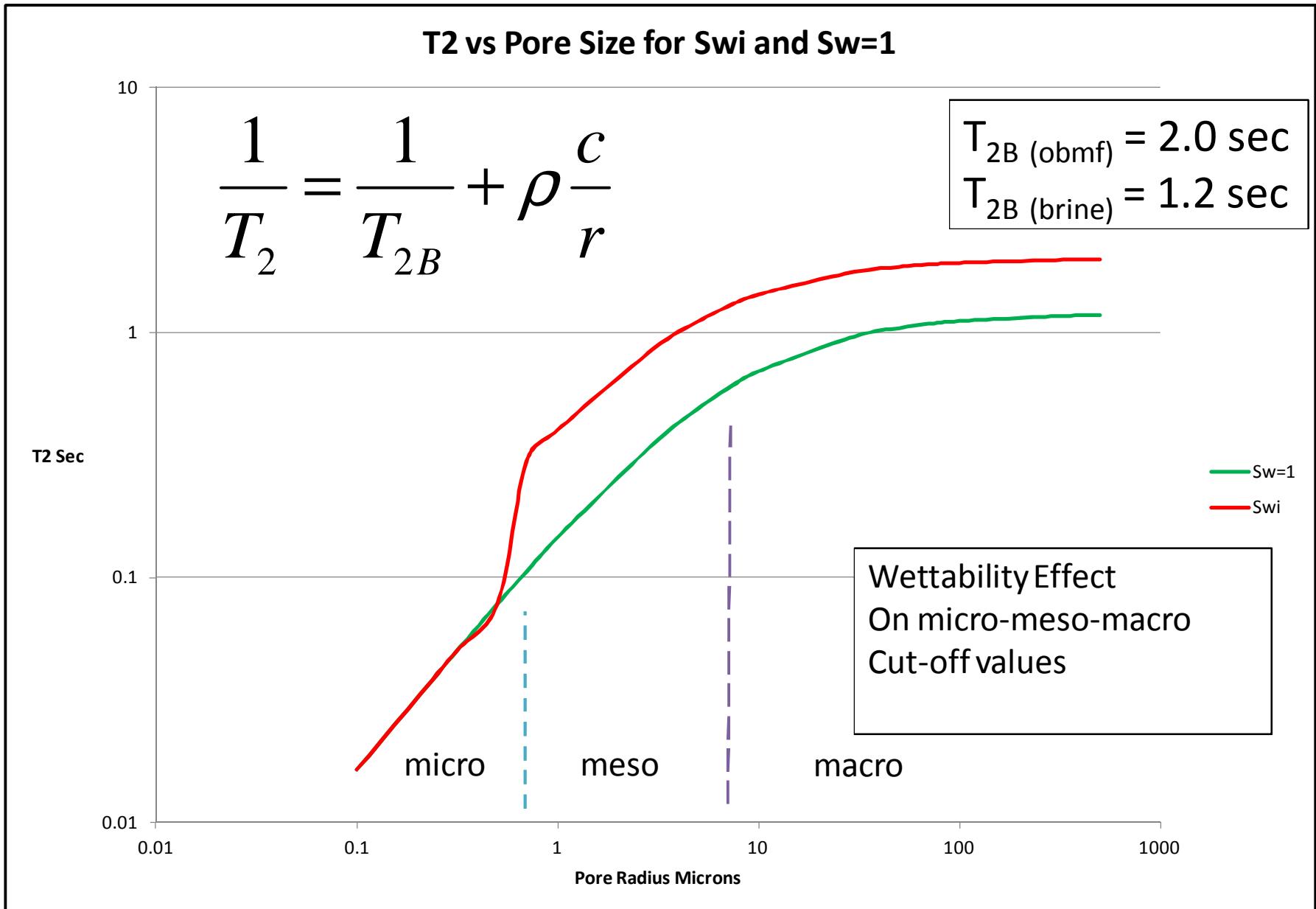
Effect of Surface Relaxivity (ρ)



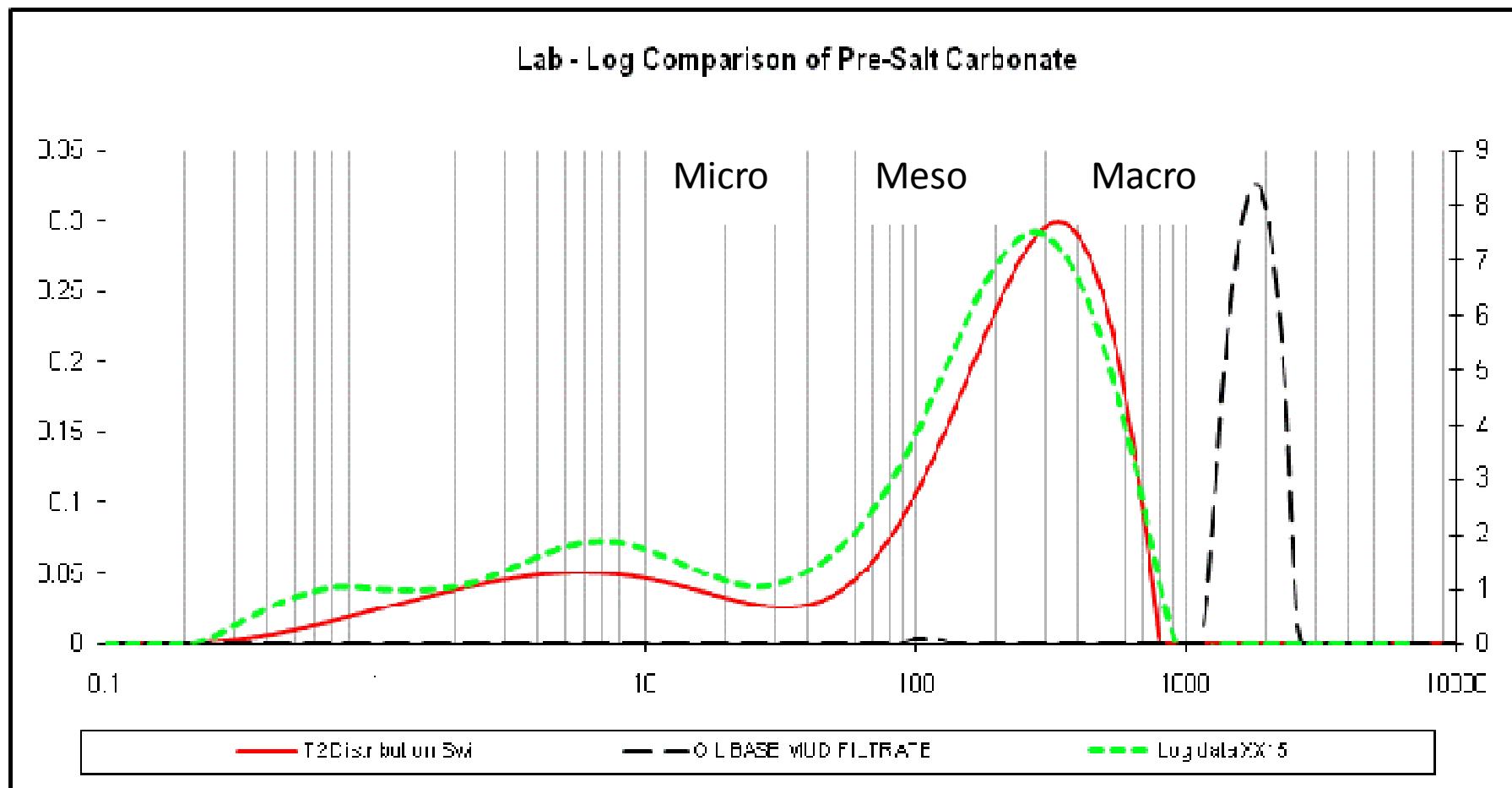
Wettability & Pore Size



Effect of Surface Relaxivity and Bulk T₂

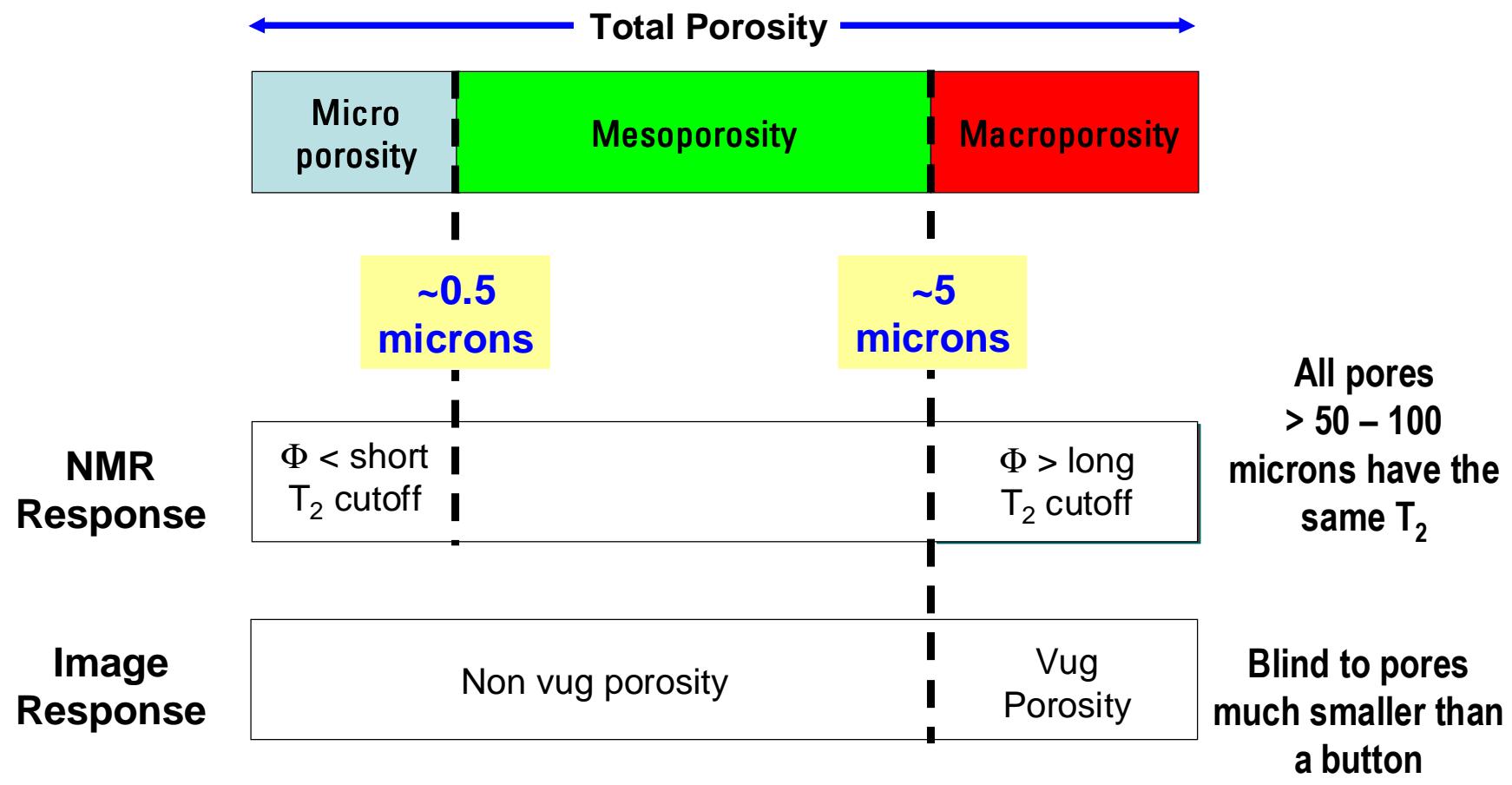


Lab – Log Comparsion of Pre-Salt Core



Carbonate Porosity Partitioning

Carbonate Porosity Partitioning from Logs

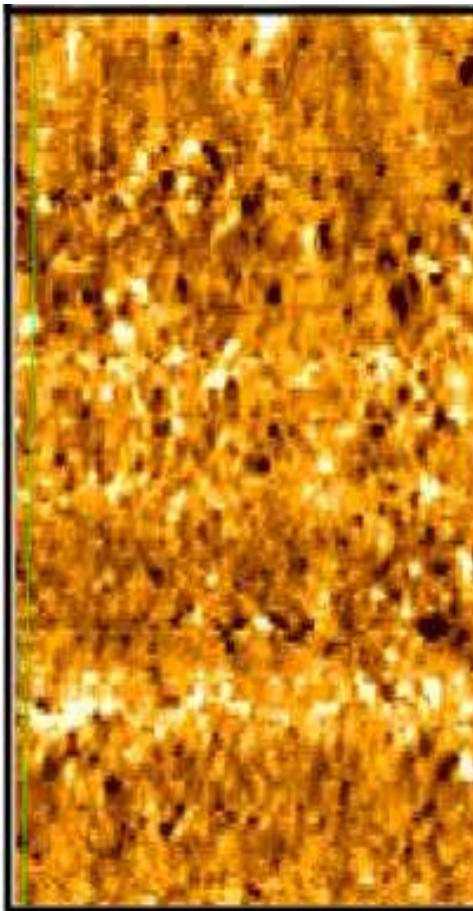


Electrical and Acoustic Images in Vuggy Carbonate

ELECTRICAL IMAGE LOG



ACOUSTIC IMAGE LOG



Under Evaluation:
Vugs from Electrical Images &
Acoustic Images in OBM

Summary: Carbonate OBM Petrophysics

- Porosity & Lithology
 - NMR Porosity helpful with complex mineralogy
- Porosity Partitioning & Permeability
 - Oil Wet and Light Oil
 - K_{SDR} for Micro-Meso Porosity
 - K_{MACRO} when Macro Porosity > cut-off
- Saturation
 - Swirr from NMR

References

- 1) Classification of Carbonate Reservoir Rocks and Petrophysical Considerations,**
G.E. Archie, AAPG 1952
- 2) Geologic Nomenclature and Classification of Porosity in Sedimentary Carbonates,**
CHOQUETTE and PRAY, AAPG 1970
- 3) Microporosity in Carbonate Rocks, Edward Pittman, AAPG 1971**
- 4) New Classification of Carbonate Rocks for Reservoir Characterization,**
I. Marzouk, SPE 49475, 1995
- 5) Rock-Fabric/Petrophysical Classification of Carbonate Pore Space for Reservoir Characterization , F. Jerry Lucia AAPG 1995**
- 6) A Model-Based Interpretation Methodology for Evaluating Carbonate Reservoirs ,**
T. S. Ramakrishnan, SPE 71704, 2001
- 7) Microporosity in Arab Formation Carbonates, Saudi Arabia,**
Cantrell & Hagerty, GeoArabia, Vol. 4, No. 2, 1999
- 8) Permeability, Relative Permeability, Microscopic Displacement Efficiency, and Pore Geometry of M-1 Bimodal Pore Systems in Arab D Limestone,**
Edward Clerke, SPE 10529, 2009